Reconciling Feature Modeling: A Feature Modeling Metamodel

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Net.ObjectDays 2004 Contributed Paper Presentation

Introduction

- Dealing with variability is an important issue
- Feature modeling enables to capture variability in a domain
- Used widely in domain engineering and product line approaches
- The problem of different feature modeling notations

Presentation Overview

- Feature modeling
- Feature modeling metamodel
- Feature modeling for multi-paradigm design
 - Concept instantiation
 - Parameterization in feature models
 - Cardinality in feature models
- Summary and further research

Feature Modeling

- Captures feature interdependencies and variability
- Feature model: a set of feature diagrams plus further information
- Based on the notions of domain, concept, and feature
 - Features: common and variable
 - Concept instances: concept specializations
- Different notations being used, such as FODA, ODM, Czarnecki-Eisenecker, and feature modeling for multi-paradigm design

Feature



- A relationship between two feature diagram nodes
- A feature is mandatory (filled circle ended edges) or optional (empty circle ended edges)
- May be linked to other modeling artifacts
- In some approaches (FODA, FORM) features are being named and classified

Node



- Represents a concept in a general sense
- A node is either named or a reference to another node (concept reference R; appears as (R) in diagrams)
- May be open (its new variable subfeatures are expected)
- May also be linked to other modeling artifacts

Partition



- Denoted by an arc in diagrams
- Presumed meaning is alternativity (original FODA meaning)
- Some approaches (Czarnecki-Eisenecker notation and related) support or-features (filled arc)
- Cardinality (updated Czarnecki-Eisenecker notation) allows for the greatest flexibility

Feature Diagram



Constraint: ¬Root.Node.Reference

Constraint and DDR



- Constraints
 - Mutual exclusions and requirements among features
- Default dependency rules
 - Which features should appear together by default

Feature Model



Associated Information





Link



Constraint: Node \vee Feature

- Connecting a feature model or its parts to
 - Its own diagrams, nodes, and features
 - Other feature models or models in general

Concept Instantiation



Parameterization in Feature Models

Parameterized feature and concept names

```
Constraint: \forall \langle i \rangle \in N \ p \langle i \rangle h \lor g
```



Parameterized concepts



Cardinality in Feature Models



Summary

- Feature modeling metamodel
 - Based on various approaches to feature modeling
 - May be used for further reasoning and as a basis for feature modeling tools
- Feature modeling for multi-paradigm design
 - An integrative approach feature modeling
 - Main improvements:
 - Concept instantiation with respect to instantiation time
 - Parameterization in feature models
 - Constraints and default dependency rules as logical expressions
 - Concept references

Further Research

- Enhancing parameterization with respect to binding time/mode
 - Binding time/mode as a parameter
 - Would improve concept reusability
- Expressing feature diagrams fully in the form of constraints
 - Represented by logical expressions
 - Primary constraints should be defined (for visualization purposes)